PROPERTY OF CG2 NANOCOATINGS INC.

Laboratoire international LIMA CAMIL Anti-ici des matériaux antigivre

Anti-icing Materials International Laboratory

Université du Québec à Chicoutimi

Centrifugal Adhesion Test Data Sheet

Client:	CG ² NanoCoatings Inc.			Report #: Test #:	2006-CAT-02 CAT17
Candidate	Coatings:	AMIL # 4	46C		
Reference	substrate:	Aluminium			
Results:					
Date: 31 M	arch 2006				
Air Tempe	rature: -10.0 °($C \pm 0.2$			
Ice formati	on Temperatu	re: -5.3 °C =	± 1.3		
Ice thickne	ss: 6.5 mm \pm 0.	5			
Ice density:	$0.88 \text{ g/cm}^3 \pm 0.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$.02			
Coating 46			Bare Aluminum		
Sample #		Adhesion MPa)	Sample #	ŧ	Ice Adhesion (MPa)
46C1		0.145	Alu1		0.617
46C2	Ì	0.161	Alu2	l l	0.623
46C3		0.193	Alu3		0.691

*Adhesion Reduction Factor =

 0.17 ± 0.02

<u>Mean ice adhesion on bare aluminum</u> Mean ice adhesion on candidate coating

 0.64 ± 0.04

Testing:

Mean

A test series consists of three small, $3.2 \times 34 \times 0.2$ cm, beams covered with the candidate coating, compared to three bare beams. The 6 beams are iced simultaneously with freezing drizzle to obtain a heavy rime of 0.88 g/cm^3 on a 5 cm² surface to a thickness of around 5 mm at a temperature of $-10 \,^{\circ}$ C. Following icing, each series of beams are balanced and placed into a centrifuge specially adapted to measure ice adhesion. The centrifugal force resulting from the rotation of the centrifuge tends to detach the ice. When this force reaches that of the adherence of the ice, the ice detaches. The detachment of the ice is picked up by piezoelectric cells sensitive to vibrations in the vat which relay their signal in real time to a computer. With this signal, the rotation speed during the detachment is determined. Finally, the adherence force is measured using the speed of detachment, the mass of the ice, and the beam length.

Mean

Adhesion Reduction Factor*: 3.8

1